

[2024 山西中考]



山西省 2024 年初中学业水平考试

卷14

英 语

(本试卷满分 120 分,考试时间为 120 分钟。)

听力部分(共 20 分)

一、情景反应(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题共有五个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话。请从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中,选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项。

1. [2024 山西中考]



2. [2024 山西中考]



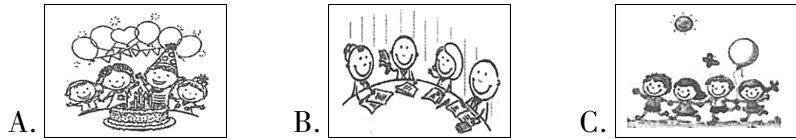
3. [2024 山西中考]



4. [2024 山西中考]



5. [2024 山西中考]



二、对话理解(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题共有五个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

6. [2024 山西中考]

- A. Amy. B. Tom. C. Bill.

7. [2024 山西中考]

- A. Two. B. Three. C. Five.

8. [2024 山西中考]

- A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Windy.

9. [2024 山西中考]

- A. Classmates. B. Neighbors. C. Strangers.

10. [2024 山西中考]

- A. She encourages the boy to keep on.
B. She can teach the boy to play the piano.
C. She wants the boy to do something easier.

三、语篇理解(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题你将听到一个语篇,请根据所听内容和所提出的五个问题,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

[2024 山西中考]

11. What was Sam like?

- A. He loved to win.
B. He cared for his grandpa.
C. He was good with people.

12. How did Sam feel after the first two races?

- A. Nervous. B. Happy. C. Surprised.

13. Who competed with Sam in the third race?

- A. Some young boys.
B. Some strong men.
C. An old lady and a blind man.

14. How did Sam run the third race?

- A. He ran much faster than he was expected.
B. He made special efforts and finished first again.
C. He took the other runners to finish the race together.

15. What can we learn from the story?

- A. Competing helps develop the sports spirit.
B. Having a good habit makes a big difference.
C. Showing love is more important than winning.

四、听力填空(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题你将听到一个语篇,请根据所听内容,完成下面的句子。每空一词。

Ancient Yellow River Crossings (渡口)

The Yellow River has run through Shanxi for over 16. _____ kilometers, leaving some ancient crossings.

Past:

- People built crossings for their boats to 17. _____.
- They became important to the trade.
- They carried memories and 18. _____ of the local people.

Present:

- Shanxi has worked 19. _____ to protect these ancient crossings.
- They have become popular places of interest and got 20. _____ chances to develop.

笔试部分(共 100 分)

五、补全对话(每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

请根据下面的对话内容,在空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

[2024 山西中考]

Yingying

Hello!

Hi! 21. _____

I'm fine. Thank you.

Do you have any ideas for the summer vacation?

22. _____

Could you please give me some advice?

23. _____ The 2024 Paris Olympics are coming. Why not watch the opening ceremony?

Sounds great. 24. _____

It will start on July 26th.

We can cheer for our Chinese players.

25. _____

I hope so. Let's wait and see.

六、完形填空(每小题 1 分,共 8 分)

请阅读下面语篇,理解其大意,然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

[2024 山西中考] Marco and Kim left the school and walked towards home.

"I wish we could play basketball at our neighborhood park," said Kim.

"But the basketball hoop at the park is 26," said Marco. "It hasn't been fixed yet."

Marco and Kim walked past the town's recycling station. 27 Marco saw many recyclable plastic, paper and metal objects, he thought of an idea—Maybe we could reuse something to make a basketball hoop. As he looked around the station, an old plastic laundry basket (洗衣篮) caught his 28. "We can use this," he held it up and said to Kim.

Kim 29, "It looks useless."

Marco smiled and said, "It won't look so bad. I could make a fine hoop with it."

At home, Marco made a post and a backboard with some waste wood. Then he 30 the bottom of the basket, stuck the basket to the backboard, and the backboard to the post. After that, he went to the park, dug a hole, and put the post in the 31.

The next day, Kim saw the recycled hoop. He tried and scored a goal. He said 32, "I was wrong. It is a lot better than I thought."

"When we reuse things, we make waste 33 again."

"Wonderful! Now we can play basketball whenever we want!"

Kim shouted and scored another goal.

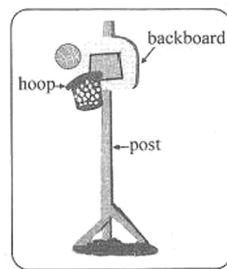
26. A. old B. dirty C. broken
27. A. If B. When C. Though
28. A. eye B. ear C. nose
29. A. doubted B. explained C. suggested
30. A. cut off B. played with C. looked for
31. A. lake B. street C. ground
32. A. clearly B. patiently C. excitedly
33. A. tidy B. useful C. fresh

七、阅读理解(本题共有五个语篇,每篇后有五个小题,34~57 每小
题 2 分,58 题 4 分,共 52 分)

A

请阅读下面语篇,根据每段内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出适当的小标题。

[2024 山西中考] Dogs and cats are the most popular pets in the world. Some people think dogs are our finest friends. Others believe cats are our best pals. Let's see who is perfect.



- A. Who is smarter? B. Who talks more? C. Who senses better?
D. Who is more social? E. Who has more sports talent?

34. _____

Cats don't use words, but they make a lot of sounds to tell what they're thinking about. So do dogs. They use different sounds to "say" what's on their minds, and "chat" with other dogs or their owners.

35. _____

Cats are great climbers. They love to stay in trees and even on the top of houses. They can jump long and almost always land on their feet. Still, when it comes to traveling far, dogs are hard to beat. Some of them can run or work all day.

36. _____

Dogs' noses know better. They smell the air and get a lot more information than cats, for they have twice as many scent cells (细胞) as cats. But cats' hearing is king. They can hear many sounds that dogs would never notice.

37. _____

Most dogs like to hang out with other dogs. Most cats prefer to be alone. In order to get along, cats usually have to be raised together. Cats might like to be held in their owners' arms, but they leave the pet parties to the dogs.

38. _____

Dogs can be trained to follow different orders and do all kinds of tasks. They can help search for lost people. They can serve as guide dogs for blind people. Some can even help police officers to catch criminals. Cats can be trained to jump through hoops, catch toys and give high fives.

When a cat curls up on your lap, or a dog rubs your head or licks your face, you'll know who the perfect pet is. Whichever one you own!

B

请阅读下面语篇,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

[2024 山西中考]

Technology is the first power!

It is a great joy and a matter of pride to see China's high technology is brightly shining from the sky to the ground.

It is widely known that China has the well-developed high-speed railway network (铁路网) in the world. Now, the country is breaking its own speed record with the CR450. The CR450 can travel at a top speed of 453 kilometers an hour. Once put into use, it will take just about 2.5 hours to travel from Beijing to Shanghai, which takes at least 4.5 hours at the moment. Even though it can travel so fast, it can also start braking (刹车) quickly, taking just 1.7 seconds, and its noise level keeps low. It creates a safe and comfortable environment for passengers. With the advantages, the CR450 shows China's leading role and great power to the world.



The AG60E is China's self-developed lightweight two-seat electric plane. It is 6.9 meters long, 2.6 meters high and 8.6 meters wide. It is mainly designed for pilot training, flight experience, and private travel. It uses an electric power system. Compared with the traditional plane, it doesn't send out greenhouse gases, and its noise level is much lower. The AG60E electric plane draws the world's attention, for it is a practice of China's aviation industry (航空工业) towards air pollution. The AG60E is only a starting point. It is expected to become an important force to achieve green and low-carbon development in the field of aviation.



39. How long will it take to travel from Beijing to Shanghai by CR450?
A. 1.7 hours. B. About 2.5 hours. C. At least 4.5 hours.
40. What is the advantage of the CR450?
A. Fast and safe. B. Light and small. C. Warm and bright.
41. Why does the world pay attention to the AG60E?
A. It is self-developed by China.
B. It can be used in many fields.
C. It's environmentally friendly.
42. What do the CR450 and the AG60E have in common?
A. Their noise level is low.
B. They have been widely used.
C. They can hold many passengers.
43. What does the poster want to show us?
A. Chinese people's wish for green travel.
B. The ways to cut down pollution in China.

C. Great achievements of China's technology.

C

请阅读下面语篇,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项。

[2024 山西中考] For Emma, PE class was the most difficult part. She didn't mind the tiredness but the looks her classmates gave her. Emma was bigger than others of her age. A group of students often ran behind her, laughing and talking about how Emma ran.

"Just one more year," Emma kept telling herself. "One more year and I'll graduate and won't have to take this stupid PE class anymore."

But everything changed when a girl called Kit joined the class. She had short hair, bright eyes, and a long scar (伤疤) across the left side of her face. She introduced herself, "Hi, everyone, I'm Kit. I love sports and fashion. You might be wondering about the scar. I got it when I fell off my bike. I see it as a cool mark now." Emma listened in surprise. How could the girl be so confident?

During lunchtime, Emma was sitting at her usual table. Kit walked over to join Emma. Emma couldn't believe such a confident girl would like to sit with her. She worked up the courage to share what was troubling her. "Hug yourself!" said Kit. Hearing that, Emma felt a wave of warmth wash over her. And she felt the weight lift off her shoulder.

It was time for PE class again, but this time Kit was with her. Emma discovered that true confidence comes from within, not from others' words. In the beautiful sunshine, the two girls walked together—one with a scar on the face and the other with a body that she finally felt she owned.

44. Why did Emma hate PE class?

- A. She always felt too tired to run.
- B. She couldn't get on well with others.
- C. She was laughed at because she was big.

45. What made Emma surprised?

- A. Kit's hobbies.
- B. Kit's experience.
- C. Kit's confidence.

46. What did Kit advise Emma to do by saying "Hug yourself!"?

- A. Don't mind what others say about you.
- B. It's better for you to keep close to others.
- C. You should be brave to ask others for help.

47. How did Emma feel after talking with Kit?

A. She was relaxed about her PE grades.

B. She wasn't worried about her body shape.

C. She was happy about choosing her favorite class.

48. What does the passage mainly tell us?

- A. Accept what you are and be yourself.
- B. Sharing is the key to solving problems.
- C. The same interest can bring people together.

D

请阅读下面语篇,根据其内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,使其意思通顺。选项中有一项为多余项。

[2024 山西中考] Food safety is important, and it doesn't end at our door. The fridge may be a perfect choice for keeping food safe and fresh, but it is not a magic box to keep all kinds of food. 49. _____

The temperature in the fresh-keeping area can be different from shelf to shelf (搁板). The higher the shelf is, the higher the temperature will be. 50. _____ If you store it on the right shelf, you can get the best out of your food. Try to put ready-to-eat food like burgers, pizza or cream cakes on top shelves. The middle shelves are for cheese, yogurt and eggs. 51. _____ They can be used to store raw (生的) meat and seafood. Some fridges have a freezer for keeping these things, so use it if you have one.



The fridge can stop the bacteria (细菌) from growing fast. Bacteria can grow quickly in temperatures between 5°C and 60°C. If you want to get the most out of your food, the temperature in your fridge needs to be between 0°C and 5°C. 52. _____

Fruit and vegetables can also be stored at room temperature. Try to keep them in a cool, dry and dark place, away from direct sunlight. Once they are cut, they should be put in the fridge.

53. _____ Hope you can follow them to live a healthy life.

- A. So make use of these different temperatures.
- B. The freezer temperature should be below -18°C.
- C. It's necessary to know where to put your fridge.
- D. Bottom shelves are the coldest part of the fridge.
- E. The tips above can help you keep your food fresh.
- F. Let's learn how to store food correctly in the fridge.

E

请阅读下面语篇,根据其内容回答问题。

[2024 山西中考] If you have a chance to learn by yourself, what might you do? Perhaps you choose to practice football skills; you would prefer to discuss something together; and you might just read. This is the most important thing of "unschooling". It is also known as "natural learning" or "independent learning".

For this kind of educational practice, people think differently. Here are their comments (意见).

Agree

Independent learning teaches children to be responsible for themselves. With no teacher around, children must manage themselves, and this is a really important skill for later life.

Unschooling allows children to learn what they are really interested in. If learning is enjoyable, it's more successful.

Very young children learn in a natural way. Without being taught, they know colors and voices, they learn smiling and walking. Why shouldn't people continue to learn like this?

Unschooling gives children more time for doing sports, volunteering and museum or park visits. They may meet different people who share their interests.

Know More

Schooling is education that children receive at school.

Home schooling is the practice of educating that children learn at home with a parent or a tutor.

Unschooling is an educational practice that allows children to decide how, what and where they want to learn.

Disagree

Unschooling requires parents' support and attention. They need to create a learning space that excites children and remind them of their daily routines.

Teachers can push children to learn what they don't enjoy but can be important later in life.

Unschooling sounds too good to be true. It can be helpful when children are very young. But it puts too much pressure on children because they can learn difficult subjects easily only with teachers' help.

Unschooling happens at home, so children could have less contact with others at their age. This means they could end up becoming shy.

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参考答案

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
答案	A	C	B	A	B	C	C	B	A	A	A	B	C	C	C

16. 900 17. stop 18. feelings 19. hard 20. new

21. How are you? 【解析】根据“I'm fine. Thank you.”可知此处应用“How are you?”询问对方的近况。
22. No, I don't. /No. 【解析】根据“Do you have any ideas for the summer vacation?”和“Could you please give me some advice?”可知此处应是否定回答。
23. OK. /Sure. /Of course. /Certainly. /No problem. /With pleasure. /All right. /Yes, I can. /Yes. /... 【解析】下文提供了关于观看奥运会的建议,所以这里表示同意给出建议。

上分归纳

“Could you please...?”句型总结

肯定回答		
Sure. /Certainly. / Of course.	No problem. / Gladly.	I'd be happy to.../ With pleasure.
婉拒回答		
I'm sorry, but I can't...		I wish I could, but...
句型特点		
比“Can you...?” 更客气	常用于正式场合 或对不熟悉的人	表达请求时 显得更有礼貌

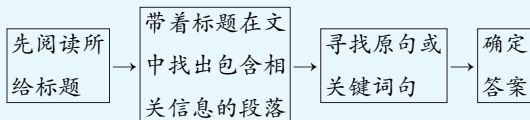
24. When will it start?/When is it going to start?/When is it?/... 【解析】根据下文“It will start on July 26th.”可知空处询问奥运会开幕式的开始时间。
25. I hope they will win honor for our country/can win a victory/can win as many gold medals as possible/will win the games/can make their dreams come true./... 【解析】根据“We can cheer for our Chinese players.”和“I hope so. Let's wait and see.”可知这里应表达对中国运动员的祝愿或期望。
- 【完形填空·语篇导读】本文讲述了马尔科利用废弃物制作了一个新的篮球架的故事。
26. C 【解析】考查形容词辨析。句意为:但是公园里的篮筐是坏的……old 意为“旧的”;dirty 意为“脏的”;broken 意为“坏的”。根据后一句可知篮筐是坏的。故选 C 项。
27. B 【解析】考查连词辨析。句意为:当马尔科看到许多可回收的塑料、纸制和金属物品时,他想到了一个主意……if 意为“如果”;when 意为“当……时”;though 意为“虽

- 然”。根据句意可知此处应用 When 引导时间状语从句。故选 B 项。
28. A 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为:当他在回收站四处看时,一个旧的塑料洗衣篮引起了他的注意。eye 意为“眼睛”;ear 意为“耳朵”;nose 意为“鼻子”。catch one's eye 意为“引起某人注意”,符合语境。故选 A 项。
29. A 【解析】考查动词辨析。doubt 意为“怀疑”;explain 意为“解释”;suggest 意为“建议”。根据金的话可知,他对马尔科的想法表示怀疑。故选 A 项。
30. A 【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意为:然后他切掉篮子的底部,把篮子固定在篮板上,再把篮板固定在柱子上。cut off 意为“切掉”;play with 意为“和……一起玩”;look for 意为“寻找”。根据语境和常识可知,马尔科需要切掉篮子底部来制作篮筐,所以用 cut off。故选 A 项。
31. C 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为:在那之后,他去公园挖了一个洞,把柱子插到地面上。lake 意为“湖泊”;street 意为“街道”;ground 意为“地面;场地”。根据句意可知马尔科把柱子插到地面上,所以用 ground。故选 C 项。
32. C 【解析】考查副词辨析。句意为:他兴奋地说:“我错了。它比我想的要好得多。”clearly 意为“清楚地”;patiently 意为“耐心地”;excitedly 意为“兴奋地”。根据金说的话可知,他对新篮筐感到兴奋,所以用 excitedly。故选 C 项。
33. B 【解析】考查形容词辨析。句意为:当我们重复利用东西时,我们让废弃物再次变得有用。tidy 意为“整洁的”;useful 意为“有用的”;fresh 意为“新鲜的”。根据句意可知重复利用废弃物会让它们变得有用。故选 B 项。
- 【阅读 A 篇·语篇导读】本文中作者比较了狗和猫在不同方面的表现。
34. B 【解析】该段主要描述了猫和狗如何通过发出不同的声音来表达思想和与他人交流,选项 B 与之相符。故选 B 项。
35. E 【解析】该段比较了猫和狗的运动能力,选项 E 与之相符。故选 E 项。
36. C 【解析】该段介绍了狗的嗅觉能力和猫的听觉能力,突出了它们各自优越的感官,选项 C 与之相符。故选 C 项。
37. D 【解析】该段介绍了狗喜欢群居,而猫更喜欢独处的特点,选项 D 与之相符。故选 D 项。

38. A 【解析】该段列举了狗和猫能够学习的不同技能,选项 A 与之相符。故选 A 项。

上分有法

标题匹配型阅读的解题技巧



【阅读 B 篇·语篇导读】本文介绍了中国的两项高科技成就。

39. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据文中的“Once put into use, it will take just about 2.5 hours to travel from Beijing to Shanghai, which takes at least 4.5 hours at the moment.”可知,乘坐 CR450 高速列车从北京到上海只需要大约 2.5 小时。故选 B 项。

40. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据文中的“Even though it can travel so fast, it can also start braking quickly, taking just 1.7 seconds, and its noise level keeps low. It creates a safe and comfortable environment for passengers.”可知,CR450 列车不仅速度快,而且安全。故选 A 项。

41. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据文中的“Compared with the traditional plane, it doesn't send out greenhouse gases, and its noise level is much lower. The AG60E electric plane draws the world's attention, for it is a practice of China's aviation industry towards air pollution.”可知,世界关注 AG60E 飞机的原因是它环保。故选 C 项。

42. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据介绍 CR450 列车时的 its noise level keeps low 和介绍 AG60E 飞机时的 its noise level is much lower 可知,它们的共同点是噪声小。故选 A 项。

43. C 【解析】主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文介绍了 CR450 高速列车和 AG60E 电动飞机这两项高科技成就,展示了中国在交通和航空领域的技术创新。因此,文章主要想展示中国科技的伟大成就。故选 C 项。

【阅读 C 篇·语篇导读】本文讲述了姬特帮助埃玛重新建立自信的故事。

44. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据文中的“She didn't mind the tiredness but the looks her classmates gave her. Emma was bigger than others of her age. A group of students often ran behind her, laughing and talking about how Emma ran.”可知,埃玛讨厌体育课是因为她体型较大,其他同学会嘲笑她跑步的样子。故选 C 项。

长难句分析

She didn't mind the tiredness but the looks her classmates gave her. 她并不介意疲惫,但她介意同学们给她的眼神。her classmates gave her 是定语从句,修饰先行词 the looks。

45. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据文中的“Emma listened in

surprise. How could the girl be so confident?”可知,埃玛对姬特的自信感到惊讶。故选 C 项。

46. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据文中的“Hug yourself!”和“Emma felt a wave of warmth wash over her. And she felt the weight lift off her shoulder.”可知,姬特建议埃玛要接纳自己,不要在意别人的看法。这种建议让埃玛感到温暖,压力也减轻了。故选 A 项。

47. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段的“Emma discovered that true confidence comes from within, not from others' words. In the beautiful sunshine, the two girls walked together—one with a scar on the face and the other with a body that she finally felt she owned.”可知,埃玛经过与姬特的交谈后,不再为自己的体形烦恼,开始接纳自己的身体。故选 B 项。

48. A 【解析】主旨大意题。本文讲述了埃玛从自卑到接纳自己的过程。文章中的“Emma discovered that true confidence comes from within, not from others' words.”概括了全文主旨,即接纳自己和做真实的自己。故选 A 项。

【阅读 D 篇·语篇导读】本文主要介绍了如何正确使用冰箱来储存食物。

49. F 【解析】根据前一句“The fridge may be a perfect choice for keeping food safe and fresh, but it is not a magic box to keep all kinds of food.”和下文可知,此处引出下文关于用冰箱正确储存食物的具体内容,F 项符合语境。

50. A 【解析】上文描述了冰箱不同层的温度差异,A 项说要利用不同的温度,可以引出后面根据不同温度存放不同食物的方法。故选 A 项。

51. D 【解析】上文提到了顶层和中层的用途,根据“They can be used to store raw meat and seafood.”可知此处介绍底层的特点,故选 D 项。

52. B 【解析】根据前文的“If you want to get the most out of your food, the temperature in your fridge needs to be between 0°C and 5°C.”可知,此段在介绍冰箱的温度。B 项介绍了冷冻室的温度,符合语境。故选 B 项。

53. E 【解析】根据上文和“Hope you can follow them to live a healthy life.”可知此处是在总结上文提到的建议,故选 E 项。

【阅读 E 篇·语篇导读】本文主要介绍了非学校教育以及人们对于这种教育方式的看法。

54. It allows children to decide how, what and where they want to learn. 【解析】根据文章第一段及文中对非学校教育的定义可知,非学校教育的最重要特点是让孩子们自己决定怎么学、学什么和在哪里学。

长难句分析

Unschooling is an educational practice that allows children to decide how, what and where they want to learn. 非学校教育允许孩子决定他们想怎么学、学什么和在哪里学的教育实践。that 引导的定语从句修饰 practice。decide 后是宾语从句。

55. They need their parents'/Parents' support and attention.

【解析】根据文中的“Unschooling requires parents' support and attention.”可知非学校教育需要父母的支持和关注。

56. By learning what they are really interested in./They can

learn what they are really interested in. 【解析】根据“Unschooling allows children to learn what they are really interested in. If learning is enjoyable, it's more successful.”可知孩子们学习自己感兴趣的内容可以使学习更成功。

57. Because they can't learn difficult subjects easily without teachers' help./Because they can learn difficult subjects easily only with teachers' help.

【解析】根据“But it puts too much pressure on children because they can learn difficult subjects easily only with teachers' help.”可知答案。

58. 示例一: Schooling. (1分) Because school teaches the importance of timekeeping and discipline, which prepares me for future life and work./... (3分)/ Because it provides me with chances to have contact with other children of my age./... (2分)/Because at school, teachers can push me to learn what I don't enjoy but can be important later in life./... (1分)

示例二: Unschooling. (1分) Because it may take me out of the stress from the competition with other students at school./... (3分)/Because I need to be responsible for myself, which helps develop my independence./... (2分)/Because it gives me more time for sports, volunteering and museum or park visits./... (1分)

示例三: Home schooling. (1分) Because it makes it possible for me to learn at my own pace./... (3分)

【解析】本题答案不唯一,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

【词语运用 A·语篇导读】本文描述了在中考备考过程中学生们所经历的苦与甜。

59. like/including 【解析】考查介词。句意为:苦涩来自许多事情,比如/包括早起、做各种练习等。根据句子结构和后面的“getting up early, doing all kinds of exercises and so on”可知填 like 或 including。

60. people/persons 【解析】考查名词。句意为:甜蜜来自爱我们的人。根据 who love us 和下文提到的 parents、teachers 和 classmates 可知,此处应用表示“人们”的复数名词,故填 people 或 persons。

61. helped 【解析】考查动词。句意为:他们帮助我们发挥出自己最好的一面。根据上下文可知,此处描述的是过去发生的事情,需要用一般过去时。根据上文的 They helped us to tidy up 和下文的 They helped us to keep moving 可知填 helped。

62. up 【解析】考查副词。句意为:当我们想要放弃时,他们帮助我们继续前进。give up 意为“放弃”,符合语境。故填 up。

63. but 【解析】考查连词。句意为:苦涩只是表面,但里面是甜蜜。根据前后内容可知,此处表示转折关系,故填 but。

【词语运用 B·语篇导读】本文讲述了亚历克斯在索菲娅的帮助下,通过折纸开始对数学感兴趣的故事。

64. have been 【解析】考查动词的时态。根据上下文可知,此处索菲娅在介绍自己加入该小组的时间,be 符合语境。由 for a year 可知此处应用现在完成时,主语为 I,故填 have been。

65. more 【解析】考查代词。句意为:你能告诉我更多关于你自己的事吗?根据句意可知,索菲娅想了解亚历克斯的更多信息,由 a little 可知应用 much 的比较级 more。故填 more。

66. to learn 【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意为:我想学习除了数学以外的任何东西!根据句意可知此处表示“学习”,应用 learn; want 后面需要接动词不定式作宾语,故填 to learn。

67. relaxed 【解析】考查形容词。句意为:亚历克斯意识到索菲娅试图让他感到放松。feel 后接形容词作表语,结合上下文和所给词可知填 relaxed。

68. are hiding 【解析】考查动词的时态。句意为:嘿,我能看看你正藏起来的東西吗?根据句意可知,索菲娅注意到亚历克斯此刻正在背后藏着什么东西,hide 符合语境;此处是一个正在进行的动作,应用现在进行时,主语为第二人称,be 动词用 are。故填 are hiding。

69. proudly 【解析】考查副词。此处需要用副词修饰动词 showing,描述亚历克斯展示折纸的方式。结合语境和所给词可知填 proudly。

70. you 【解析】考查代词。根据上下文可知,索菲娅在告诉亚历克斯他面前的就是数学,此处应用人称代词 you 作 in front of 的宾语。故填 you。

71. was asked 【解析】考查动词的时态和语态。根据语境可知,亚历克斯被要求折纸,应用 ask 的被动语态。此处动作发生在过去,应用一般过去时。主语为第三人称单数,故填 was asked。

72. quarters 【解析】考查名词。根据“And you have a fraction, too: one half! Fold it again... and now you have four _____.”和“What fraction does this piece stand

for?”以及“One quarter?”可知,索菲娅在解释纸折叠两次后被分成了四等份。结合所给词可知,此处应选 quarter,意为“四分之一”,为可数名词,空前有 four,故填 quarters。

73. that 【解析】考查定语从句。句意为:如果数学学习变成折纸的话,那将是一件期待发生的事,亚历克斯想。分析句子可知,设空处引导定语从句且在从句中作主语,先行词 a thing 指物,故填 that。

【书面表达】

One possible version:

As young people, we should be brave, confident and creative, but what is the most important is to be willing to fight.

Last year, I often made mistakes when I did English reading exercises. Remembering the teacher had ever told us the more we read, the higher our reading ability would be, I decided to try. I spent all my free time on English reading. Whenever I read, I spent time on sth. 在某物上花时间 made every effort to understand the articles thoroughly and wrote down my own understanding of them. Gradually, I made great progress in reading comprehension.

It's fighting that makes us better and better. Fighting is the brightest color of youth.